

SIGGRAPH 2021

**DEEPPFORMABLETAG:
END-TO-END GENERATION
AND RECOGNITION OF
DEFORMABLE FIDUCIAL
MARKERS**

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MIN H. KIM



Motivation

Digital information

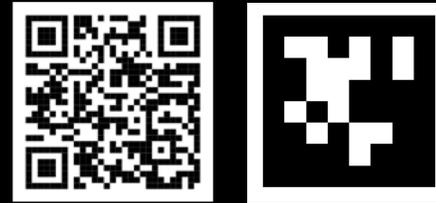
101010101001101
001101011000101
010010100100010

Barcode



1-dimensional

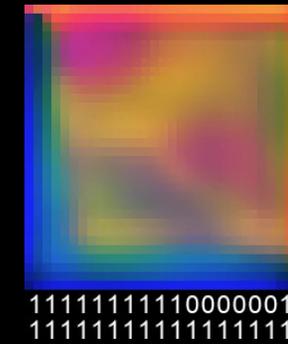
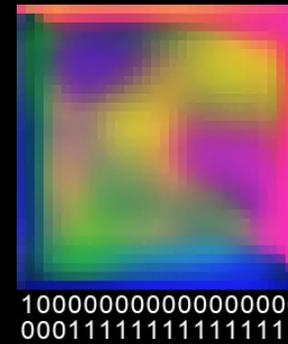
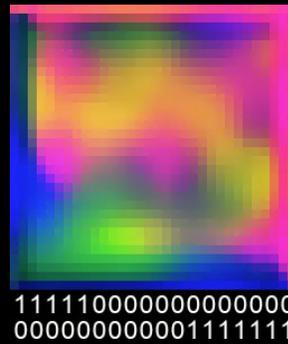
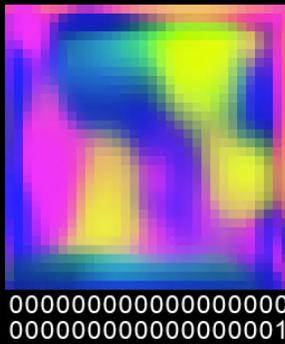
QR codes
and AR-tags



2-dimensional



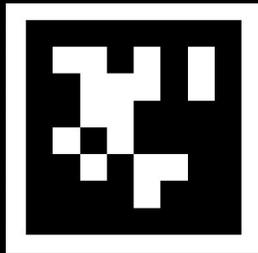
DeepFormableTag



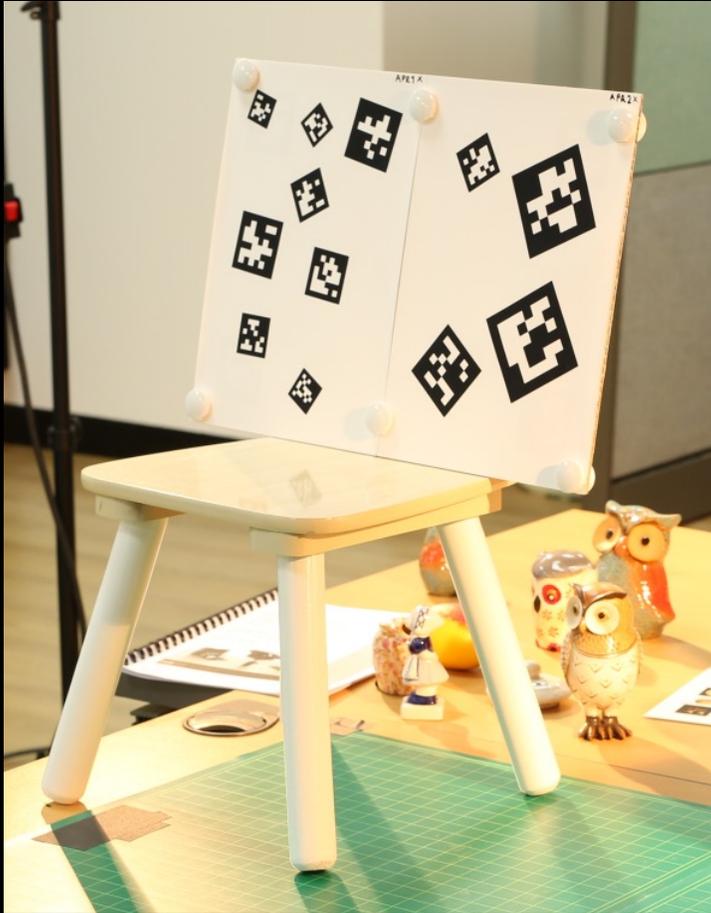
Previous Work

Binary-square

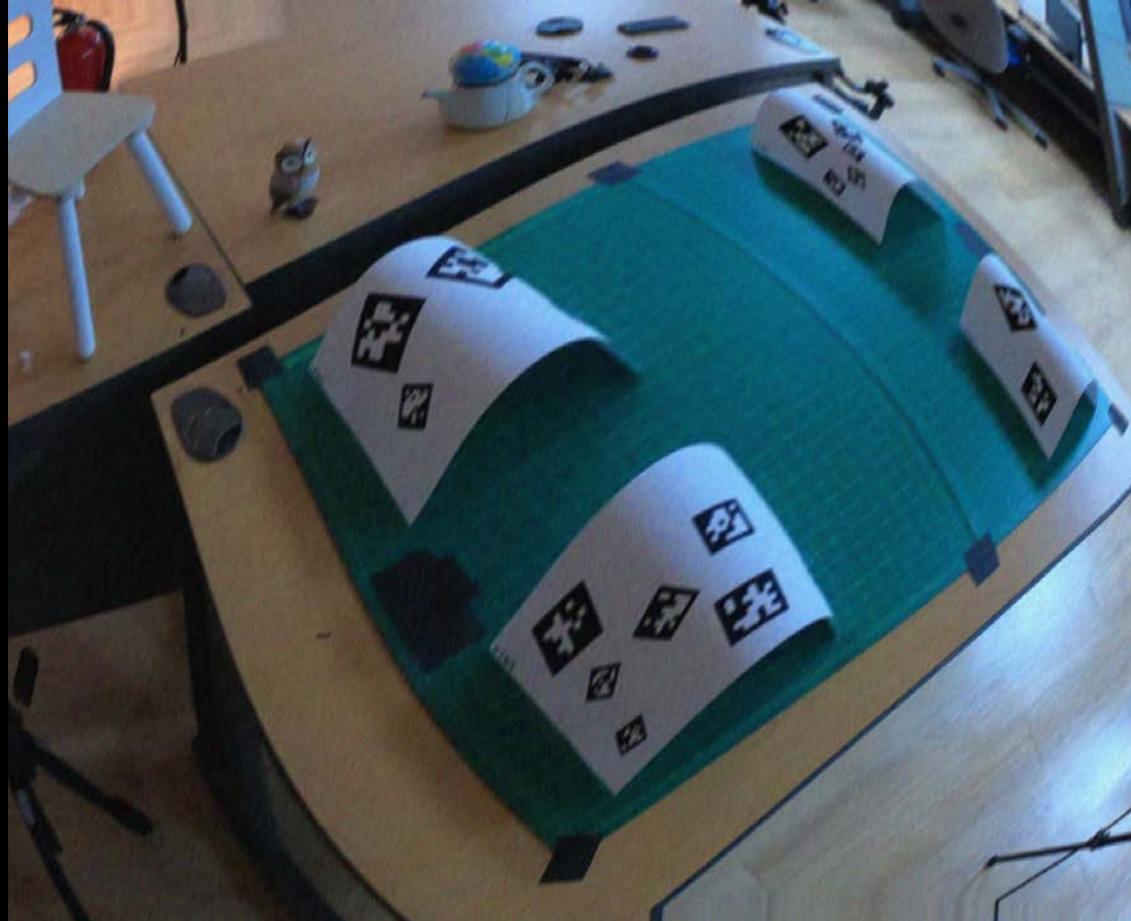
- QR code [Denso Wave 1994],
- ARToolKit [Kato and Billingham 1999],
ARTag [Fiala 2005]
- AprilTag [Olson 2011],
ArUco [Munoz-Salinas 2012]



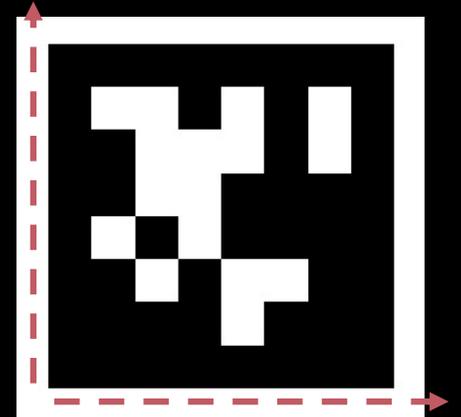
Previous Work



**Planar and rigid
surface assumption**



**Deformed surfaces,
distortion, etc.**

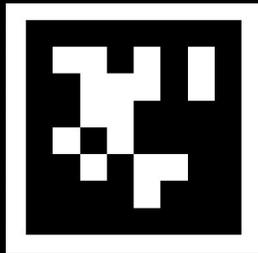


**Message embedding
capacity**

Previous Work

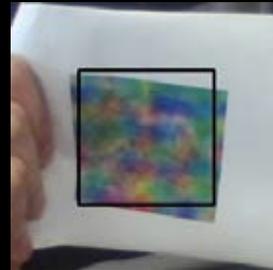
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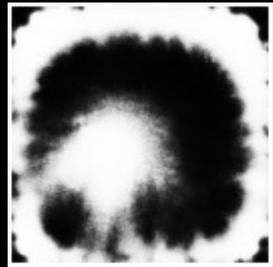


Learning-based

- Learnable visual markers [Grinchuk 2016]



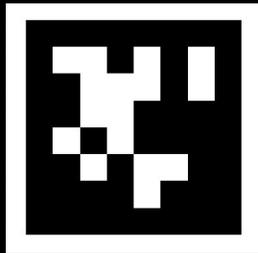
- E2E-Tag [Peace 2020]



Previous Work

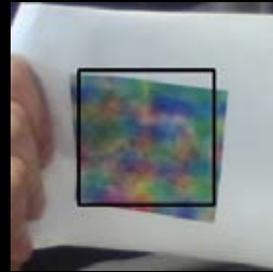
Binary-square

- QR code [Denso Wave 1994],
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- AprilTag [Olson 2011], ArUco [Munoz-Salinas 2012]

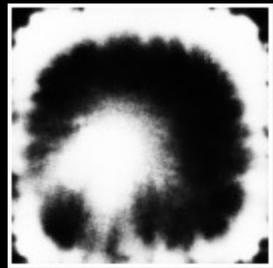


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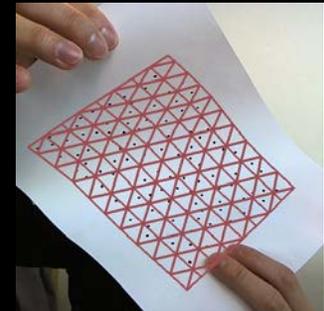


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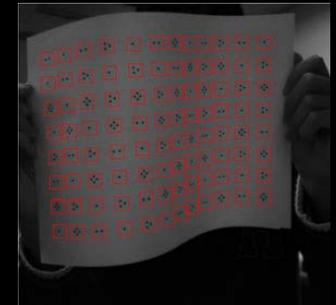


Dot pattern

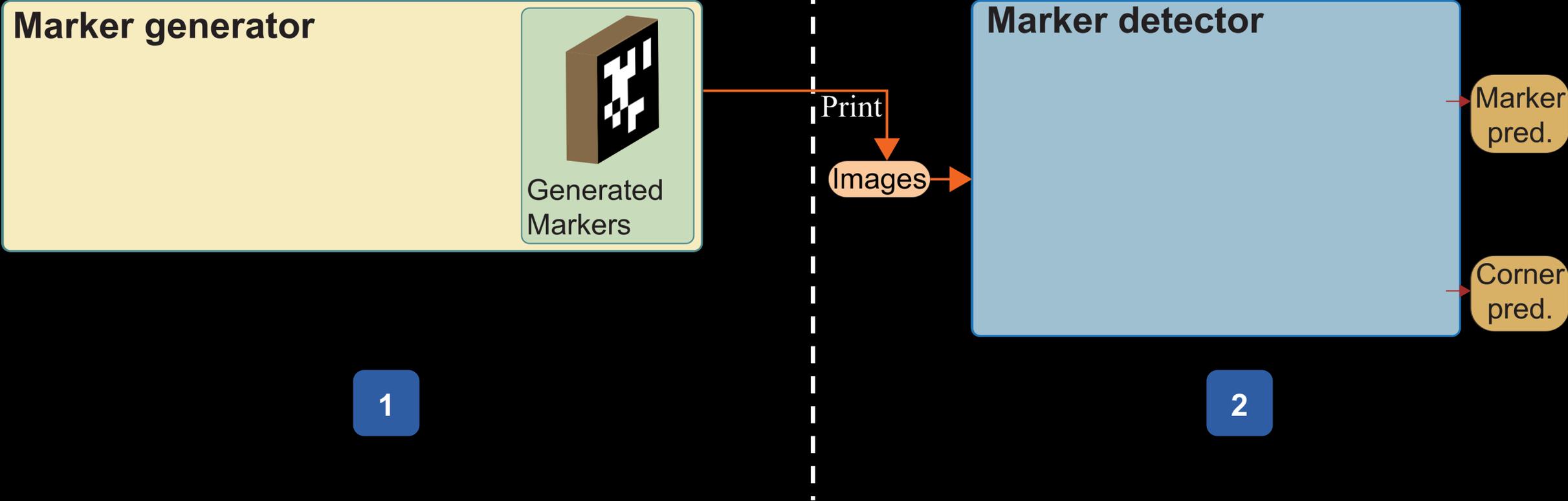
- DRDM [Uchiyama and Marchand 2011]



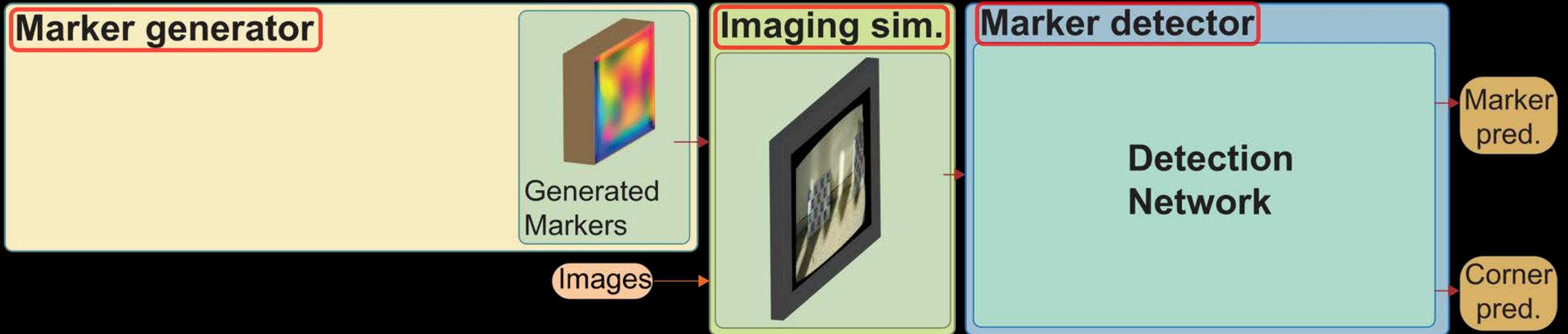
- DDCM [Narita 2016]



Classical Marker Systems

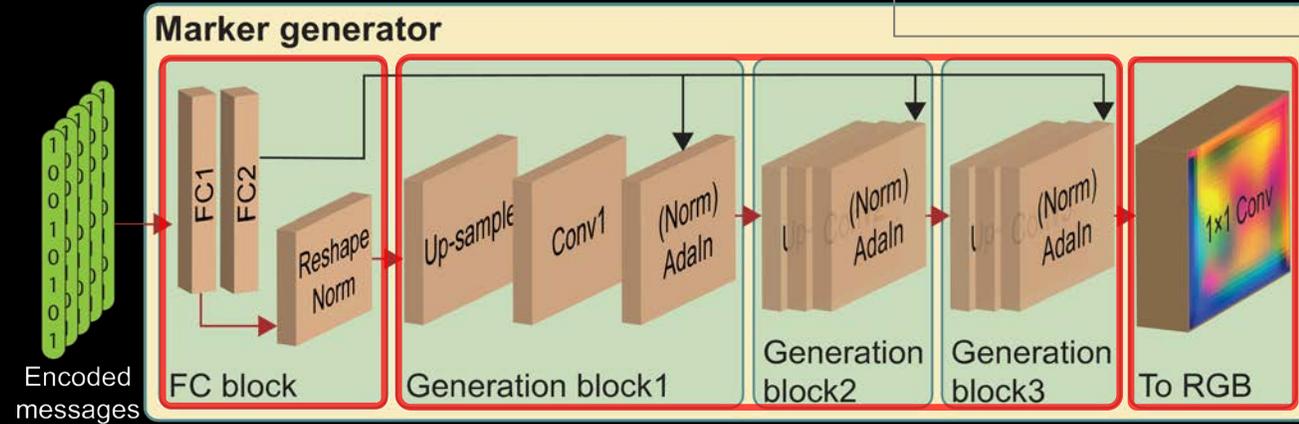


DeepFormableTag - Overview

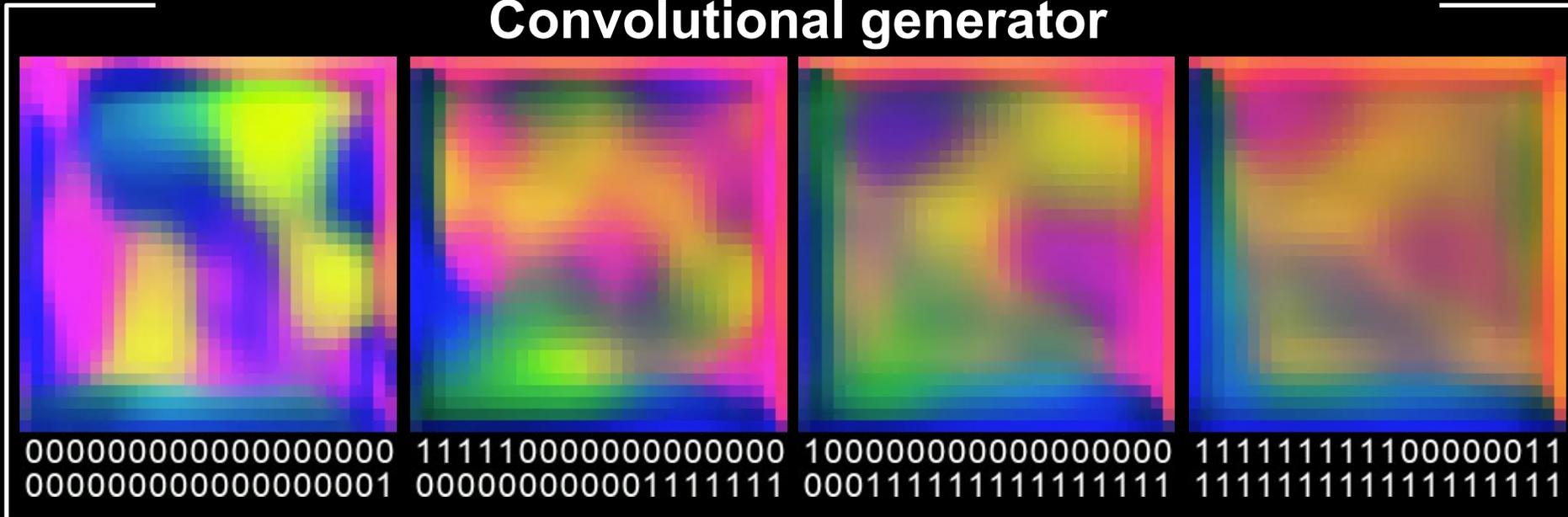


Marker Generator

- Rich appearance
- Marker similarity (localization)
- Marker uniqueness (classification/decoding)

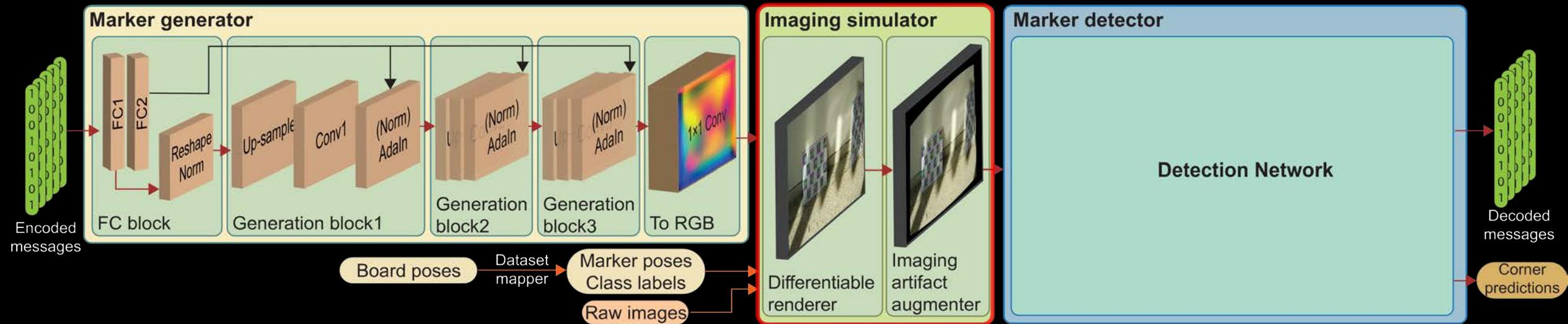


Convolutional generator



Imaging Simulator

- Differentiable
- High photorealism
- Imaging artifacts



Imaging Simulator: Rendering (1/5)

- Fast rendering
- Small domain gap with real-world

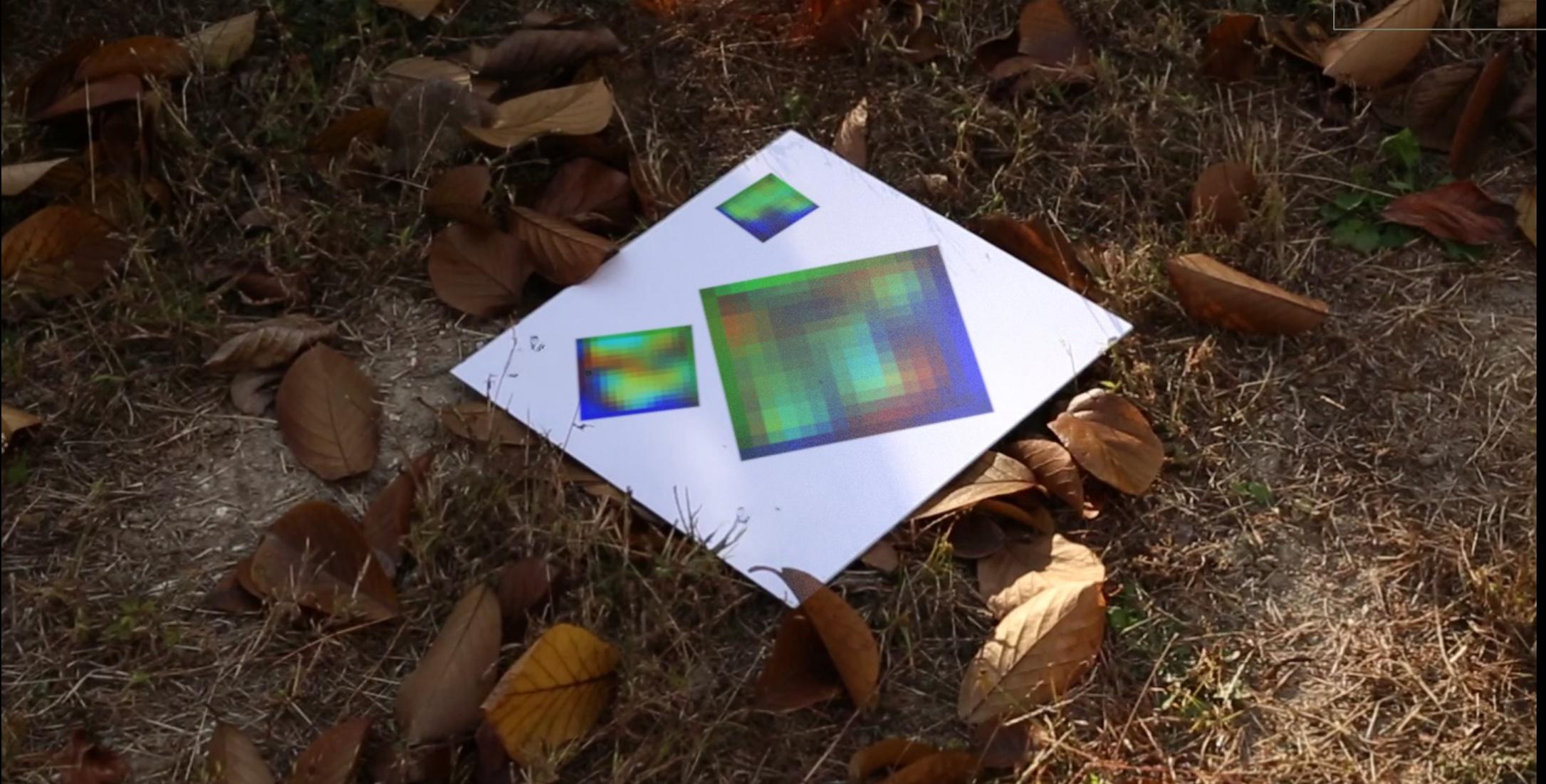


(a) Random superimposed rendering

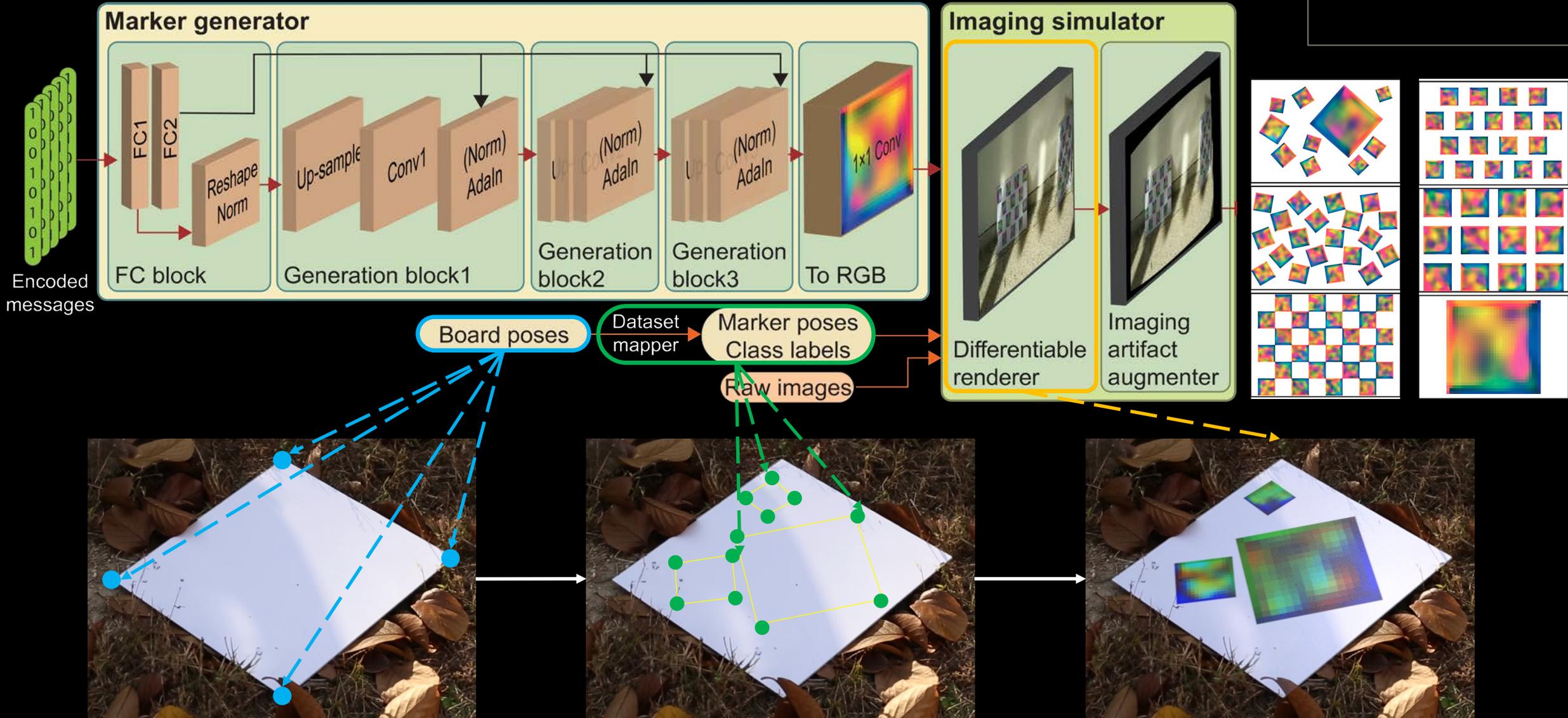


(b) Our photorealistic rendering

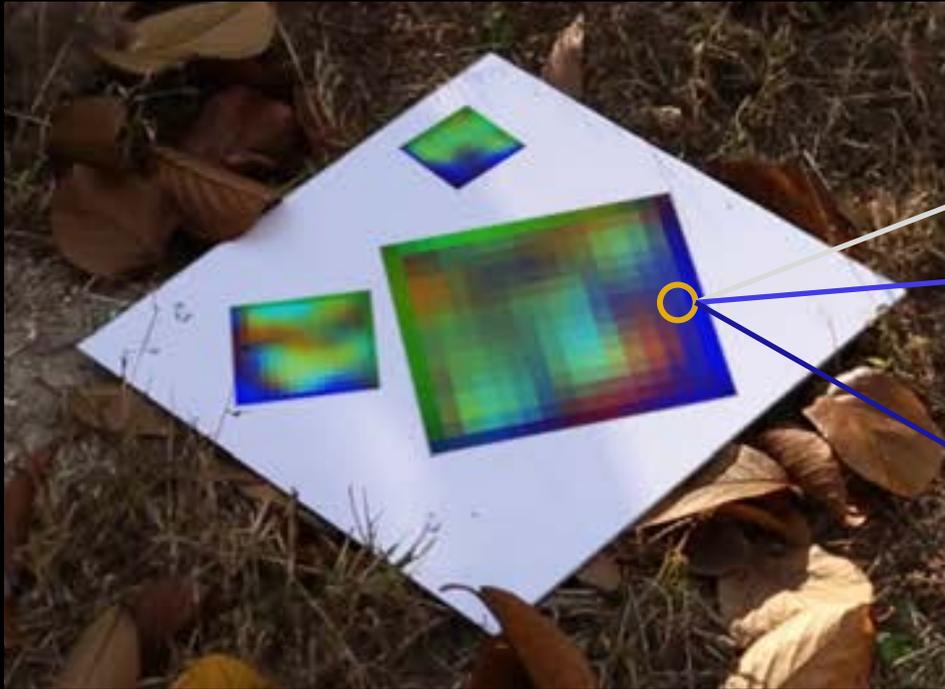
Imaging Simulator: Rendering (2/5)



Imaging Simulator: Rendering (3/5)



Imaging Simulator: Rendering (4/5)



Under Lambertian assumption:

$$f_{\mathbf{x}, \vec{n}, m_p}(\vec{\omega}, \vec{v}) = \frac{\rho_p}{\pi} : \text{Board's BRDF}$$

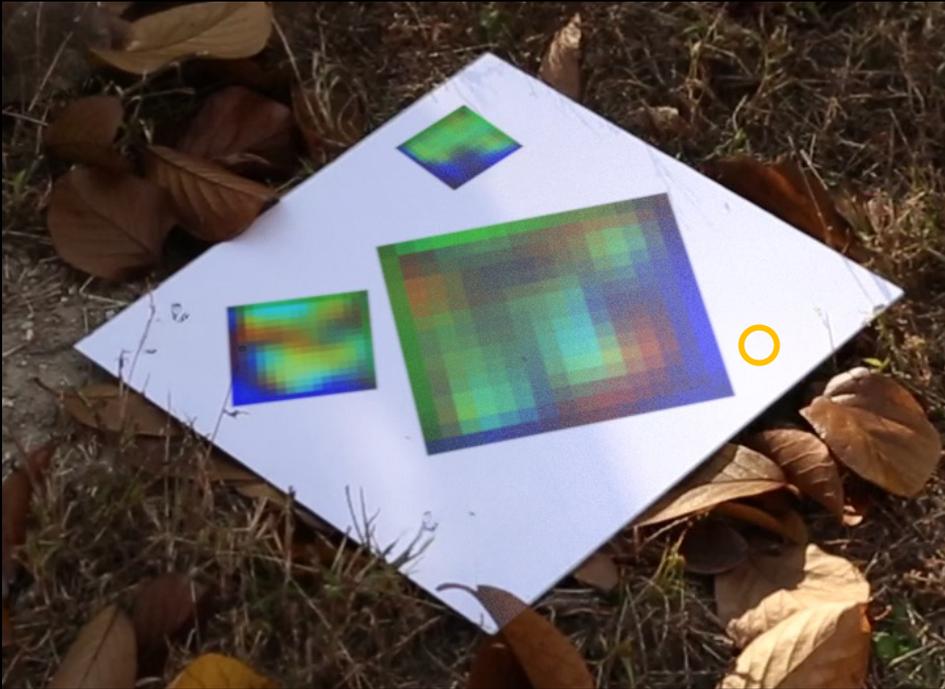
$$f_{\mathbf{x}, \vec{n}, m_t}(\vec{\omega}, \vec{v}) = \frac{\rho_t}{\pi} : \text{Target diffuse}$$

$$L(\mathbf{x}, \vec{v}) = \frac{\rho}{\pi} \int_{\Omega} L(\vec{\omega}, \mathbf{x}) \cos(\theta) d\omega$$

$$L_{m_t}(\mathbf{x}, \vec{v}) = L_{m_p}(\mathbf{x}, \vec{v}) \frac{\rho_t}{\rho_p}$$

Final radiance

Imaging Simulator: Rendering (5/5)



Cook-Torrance specular term:

$$\frac{F}{\pi} \frac{DG}{(\vec{n} \cdot \vec{l})(\vec{n} \cdot \vec{v})}$$

F : Fresnel term

D : Facet distribution function

G : Geometric attenuation factor

Imaging Simulator: Ablation Study

- Trained with specified rendering method, tested on real-world

Method	COCO Superimposed	w/o shading	Diffuse	Diffuse+Specular
AP Score	35.59	52.30	80.52	87.66



Higher is better

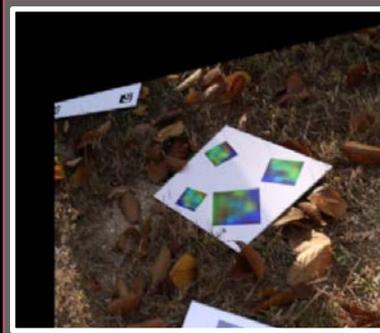


Imaging Simulator: Imaging Artifact Augmenter

- Robustness against combination of various edge conditions



Deformation



Perspective



Radial dist.



Motion blur



Compression



Color



Brightness

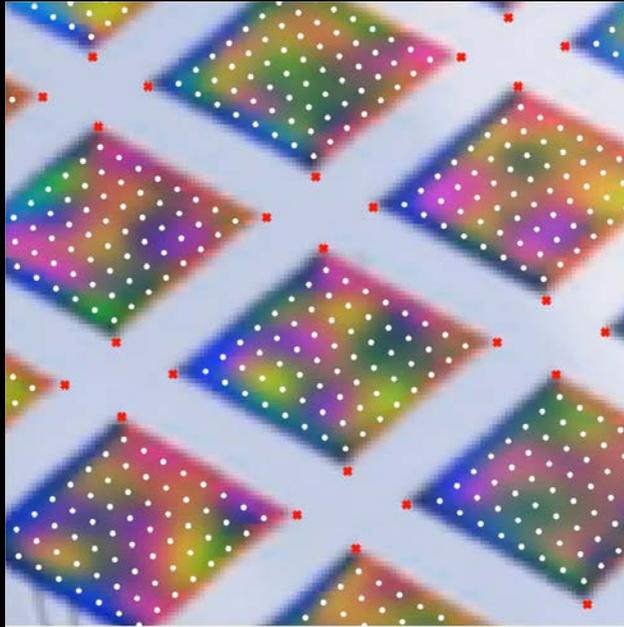


Defocus

Imaging Simulator: Geometric Distortions

- Modified corners
- Internal sampling points

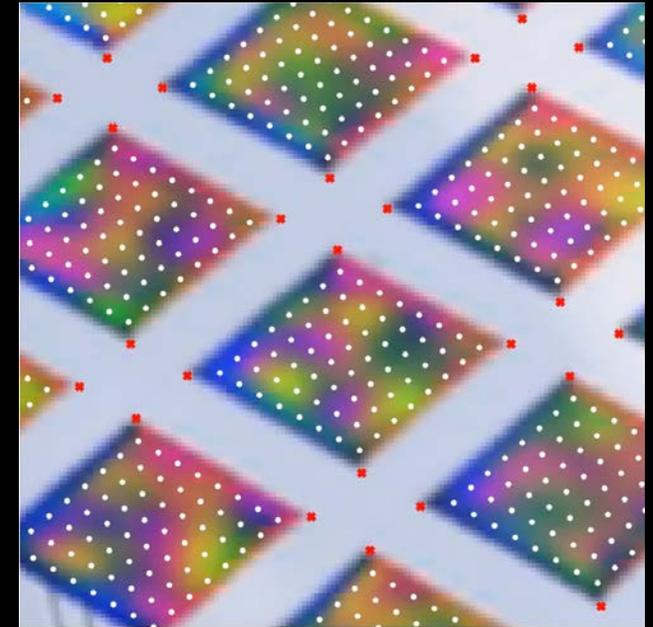
Deformation



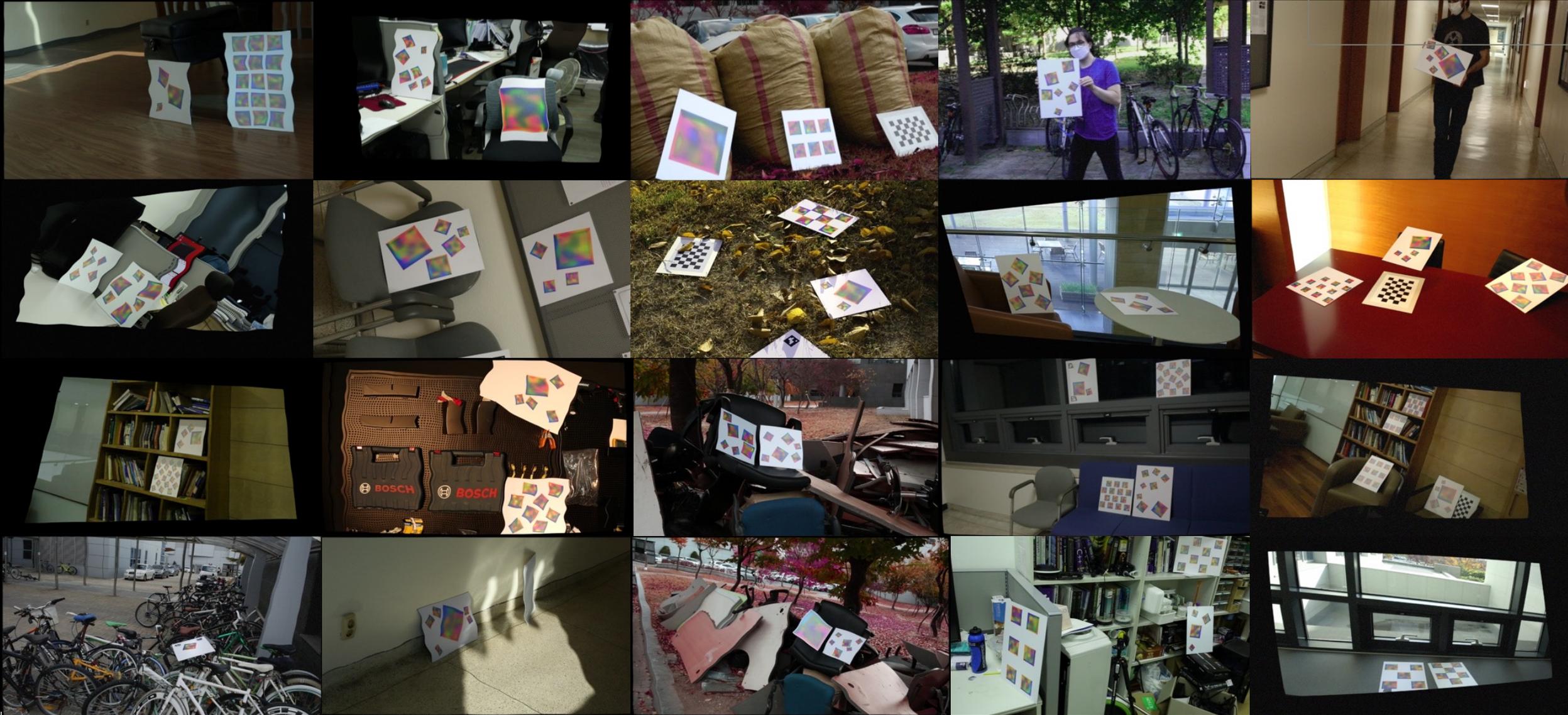
Radial distortion



Perspective distortion

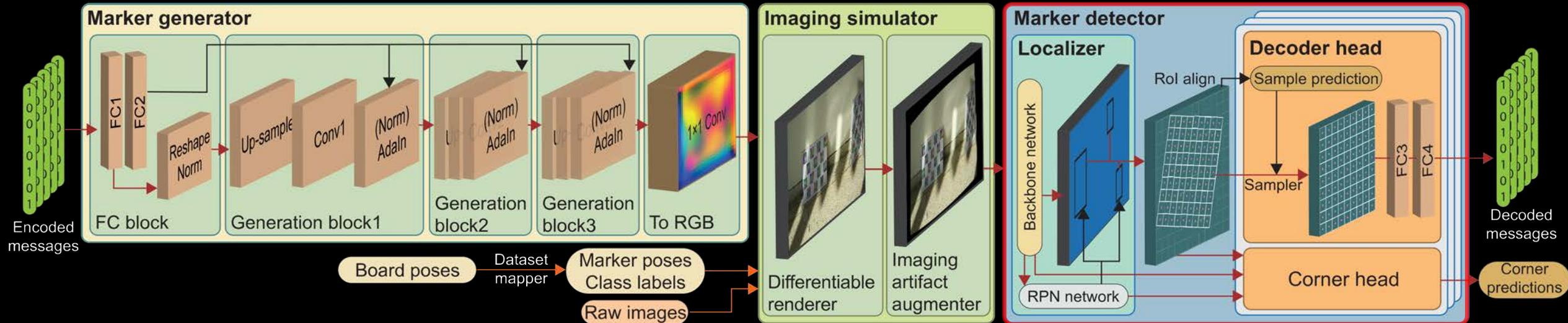


Training Dataset Rendered with Augmentations

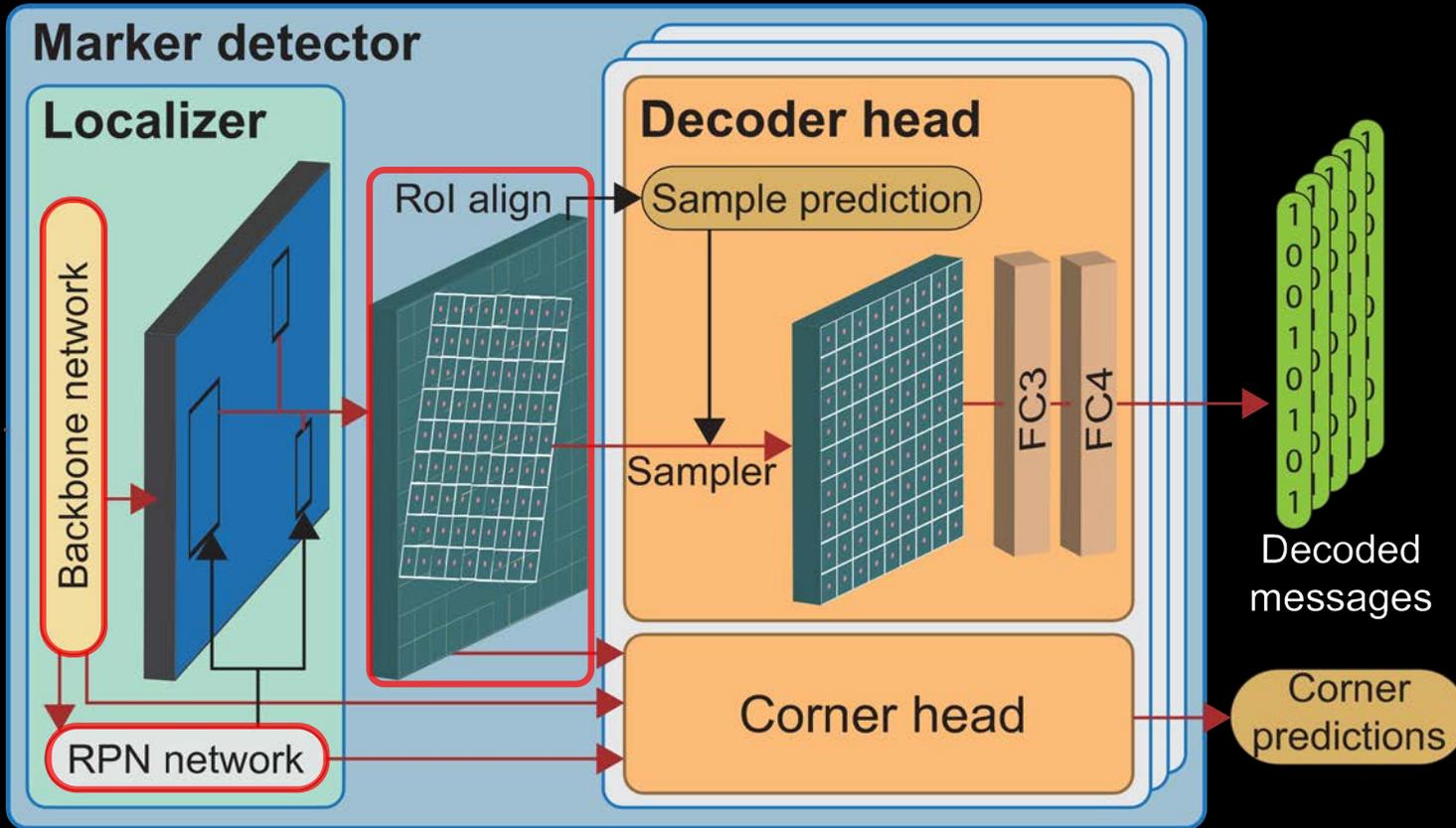


Marker Detector (1/5)

- Efficiency
- Geometric invariance

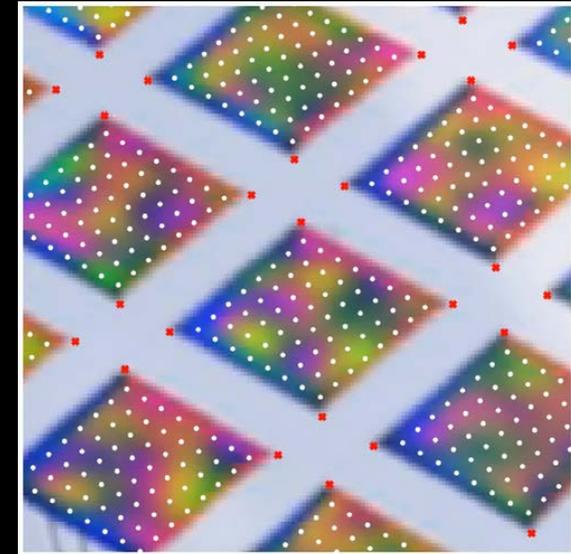
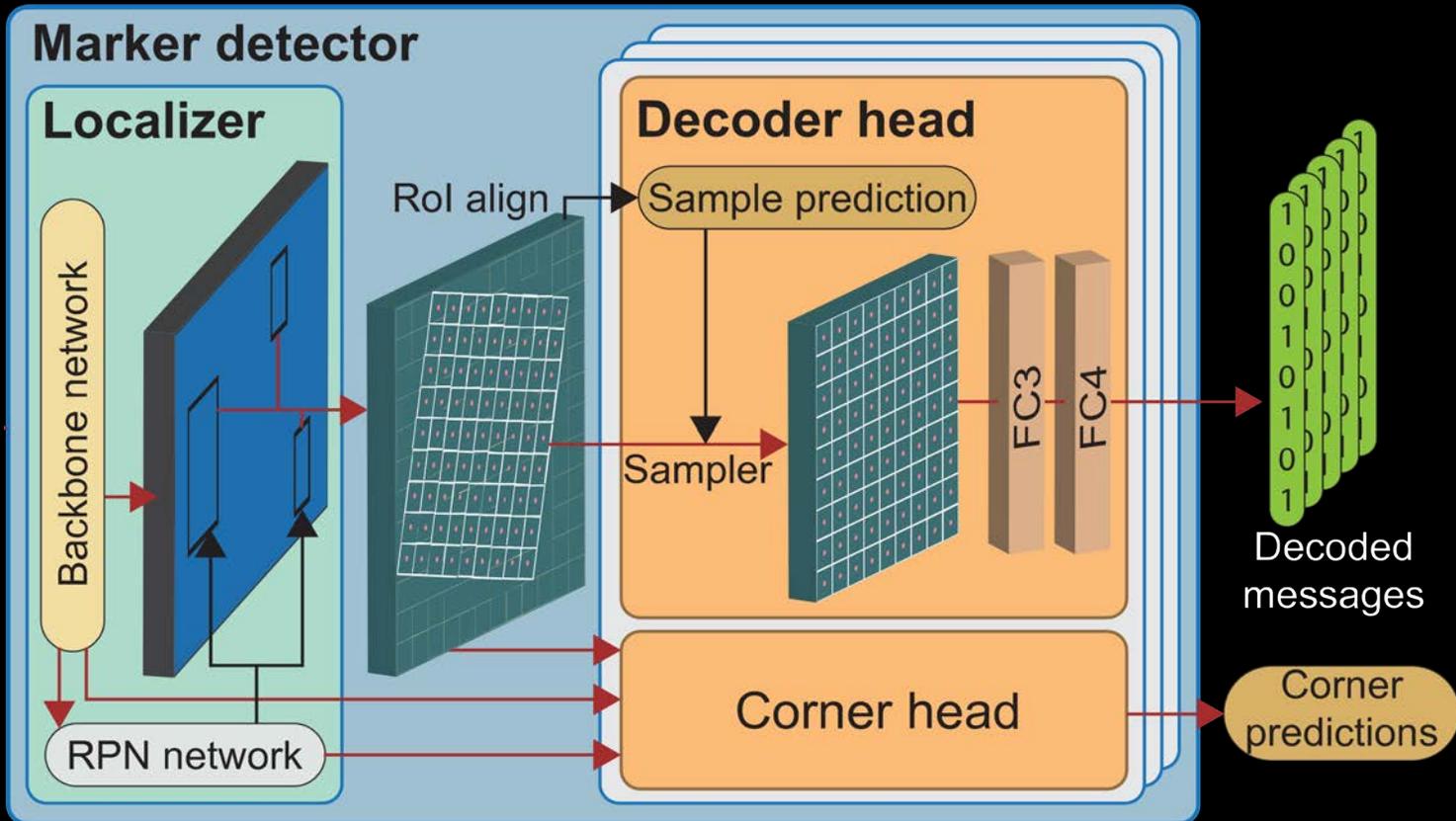


Marker Detector: Backbone (2/5)



- Two-stage Faster RCNN
- VoVNet19-FPNLite

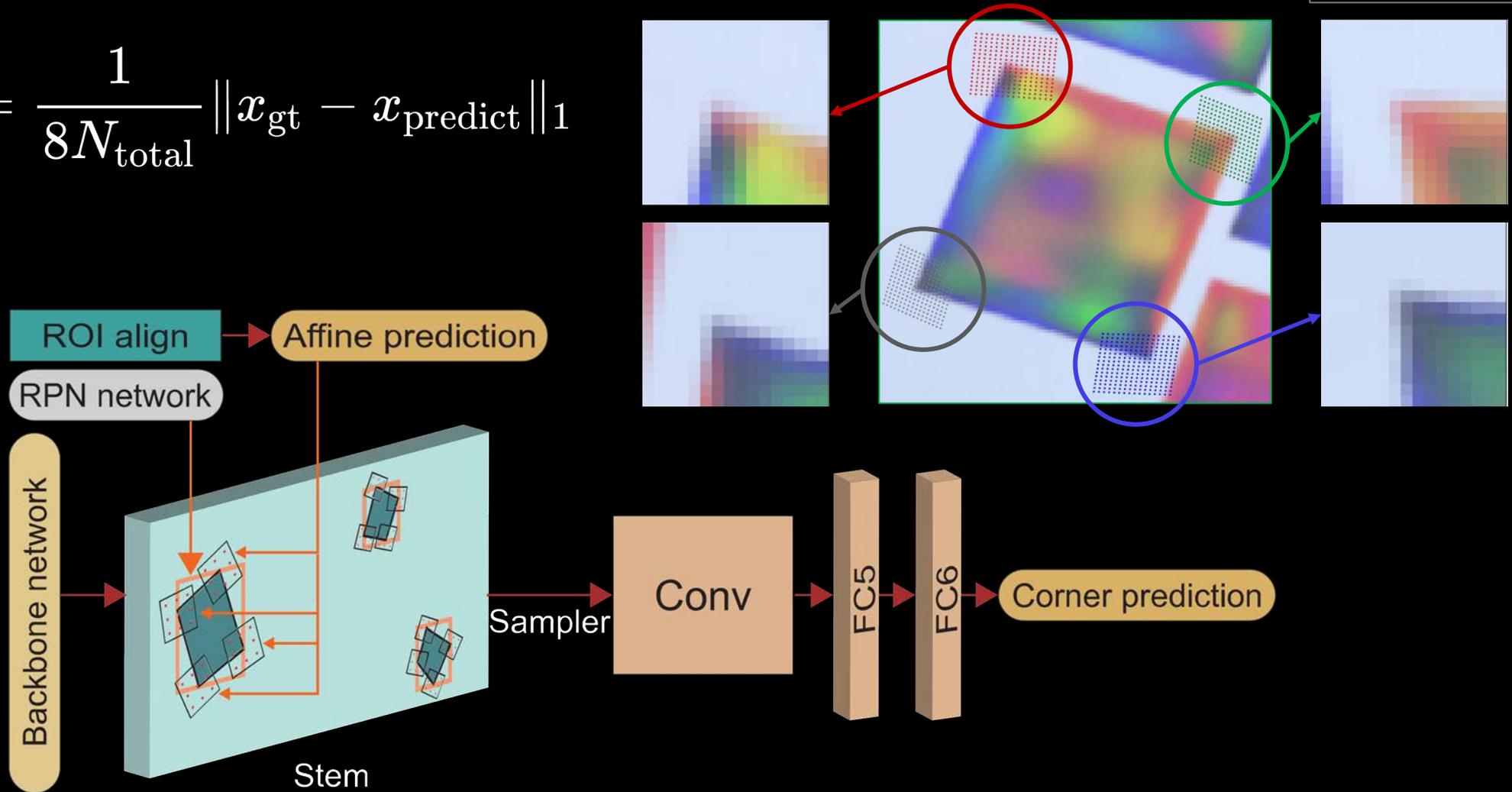
Marker Detector: Decoder Head (3/5)



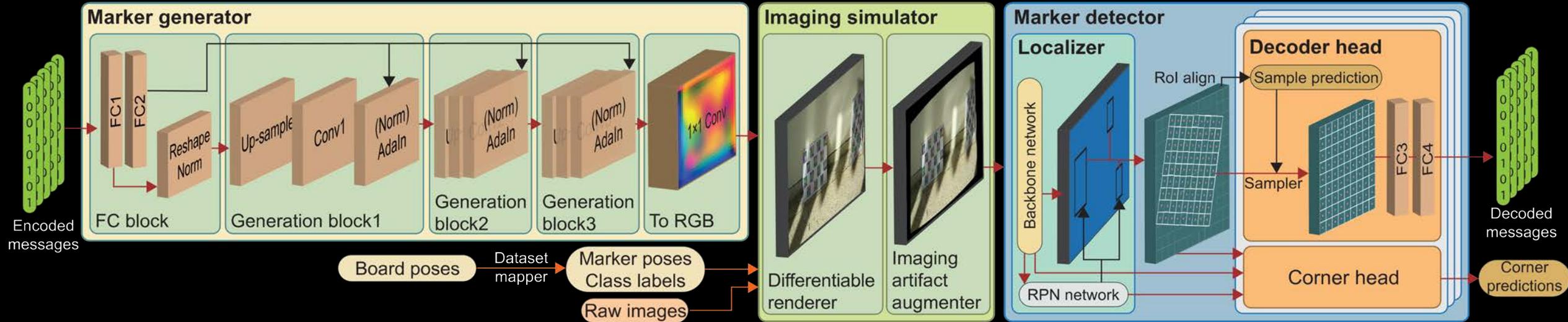
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{sample}} = \frac{1}{2N_{\text{total}}N_{\text{sample}}} \|x_{\text{gt}} - x_{\text{predict}}\|_1$$

Marker Detector: Corner Head (4/5)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{corner}} = \frac{1}{8N_{\text{total}}} \|x_{\text{gt}} - x_{\text{predict}}\|_1$$



Marker detector: Loss terms (5/5)



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{total}} = \underbrace{(\mathcal{L}_{\text{rpn}_{\text{class}}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{rpn}_{\text{loc}}})}_{\text{Region proposal network loss}} + \underbrace{\mathcal{L}_{\text{sample}}}_{\text{Sampling loss}} + \underbrace{0.1\mathcal{L}_{\text{corner}}}_{\text{Corner loss}} + \underbrace{(0.5\mathcal{L}_{\text{obj}} + 10.0\mathcal{L}_{\text{decode}})}_{\text{Objectness and decoding loss}}$$

Results: Message Decoding Capability

Model	Mean decoding accuracy	Standard deviation	0-bit error	1-bit error
16 bits	99.998%	0.1143	99.97%	0.03%
36 bits	99.921%	0.7605	98.51%	0.75%
64 bits	99.558%	1.0787	80.39%	14.0%



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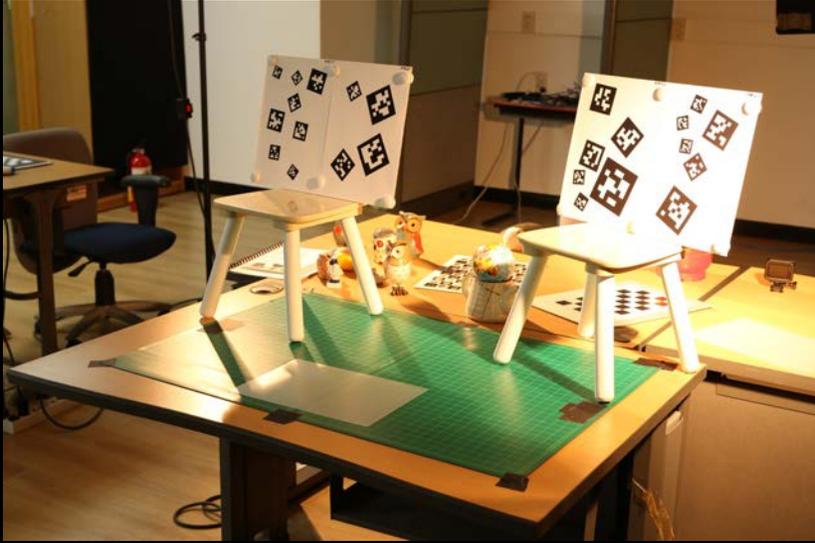


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Results: Comparison on Flat Surfaces



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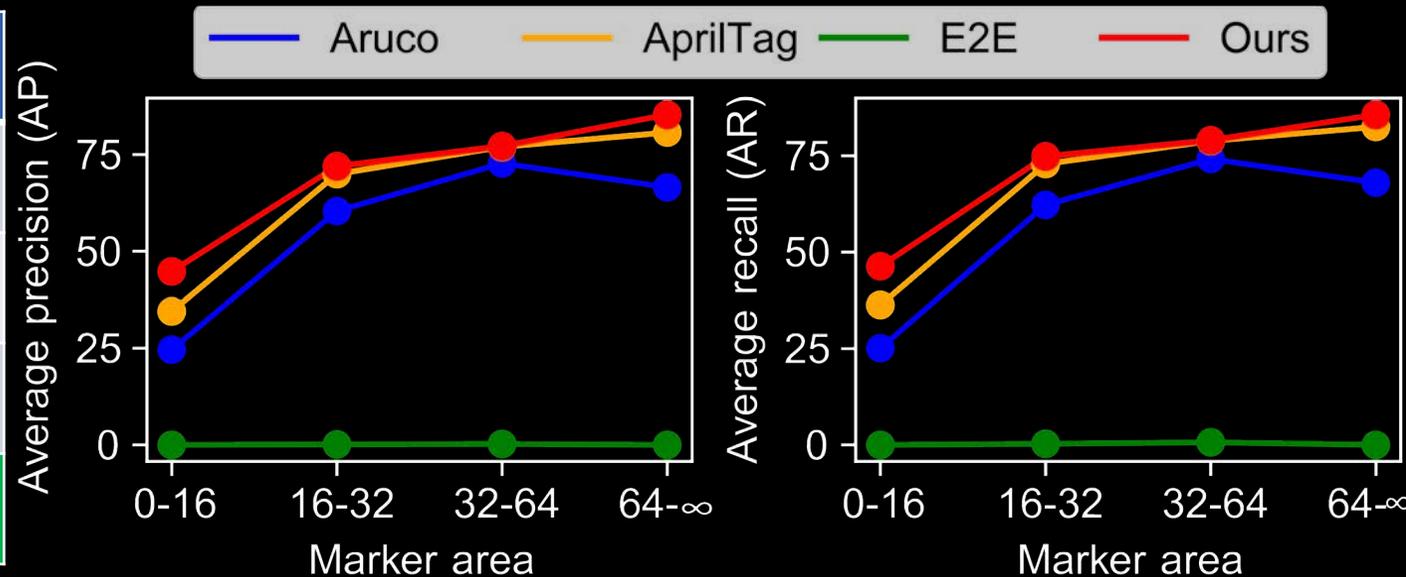


Model	AP	FP-Rate	FPS
ArUco [2012]	50.19	0.0000	31
AprilTag [2016]	57.58	0.0000	19
E2ETag [2020]	00.04	0.8625	13
Ours	60.84	0.0000	29

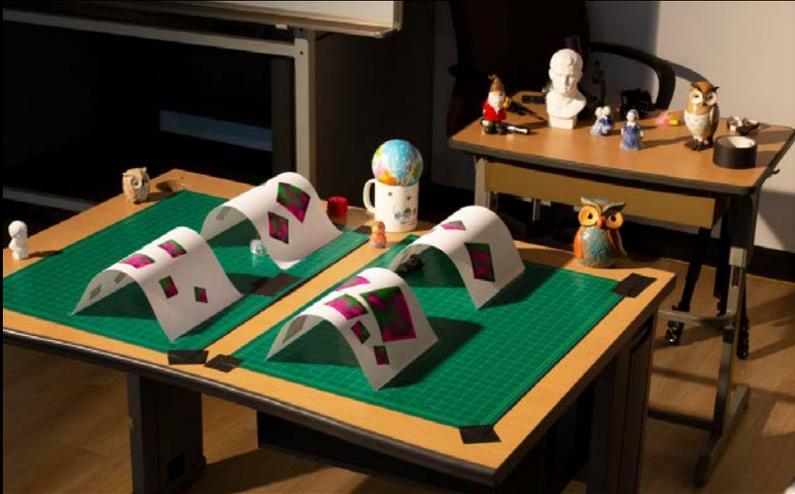
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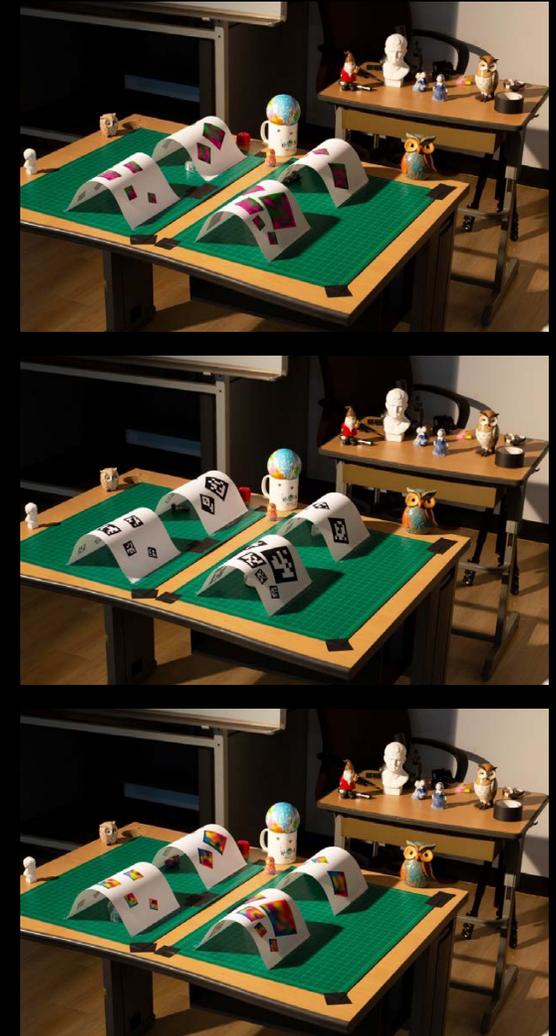
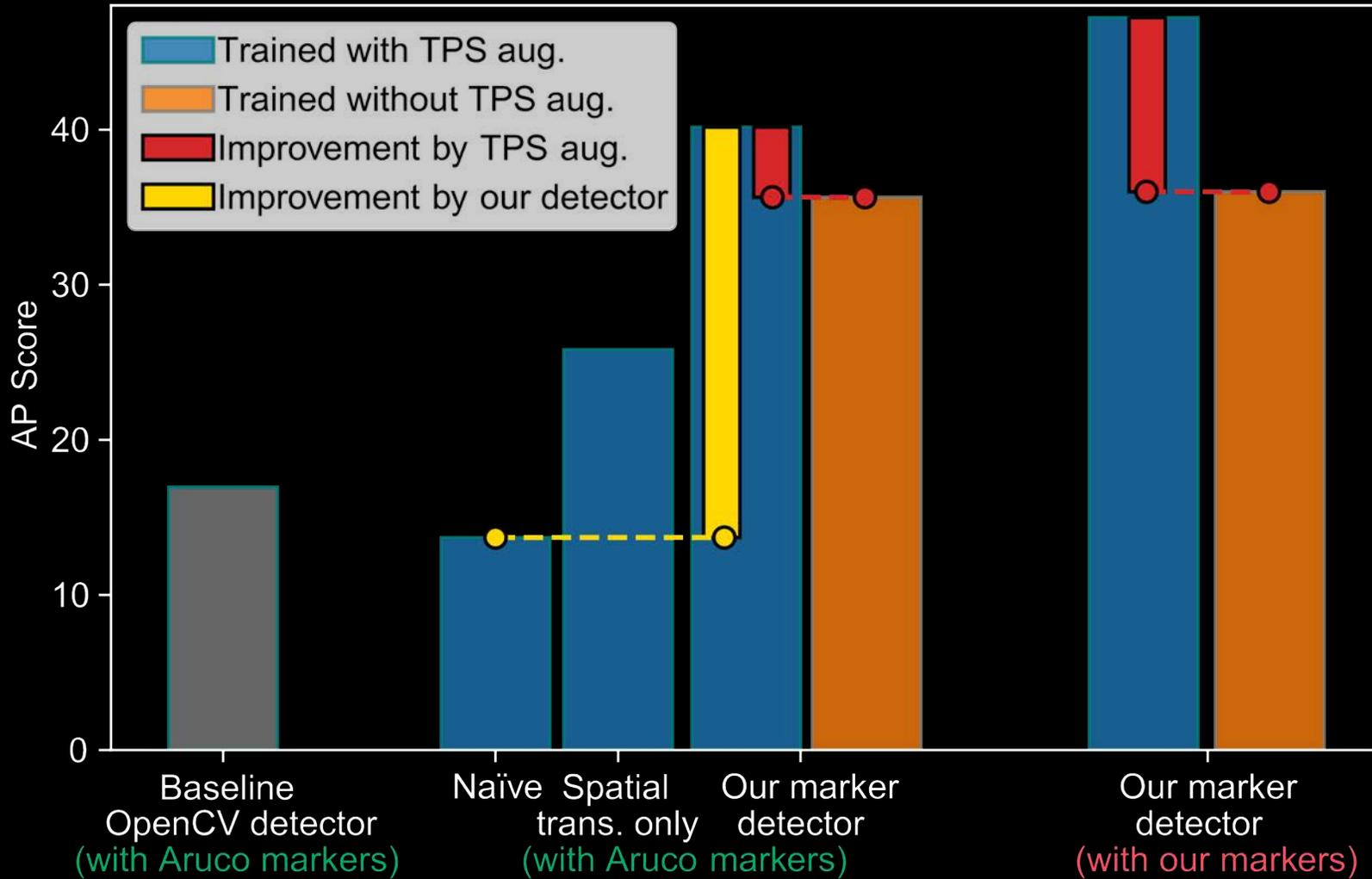
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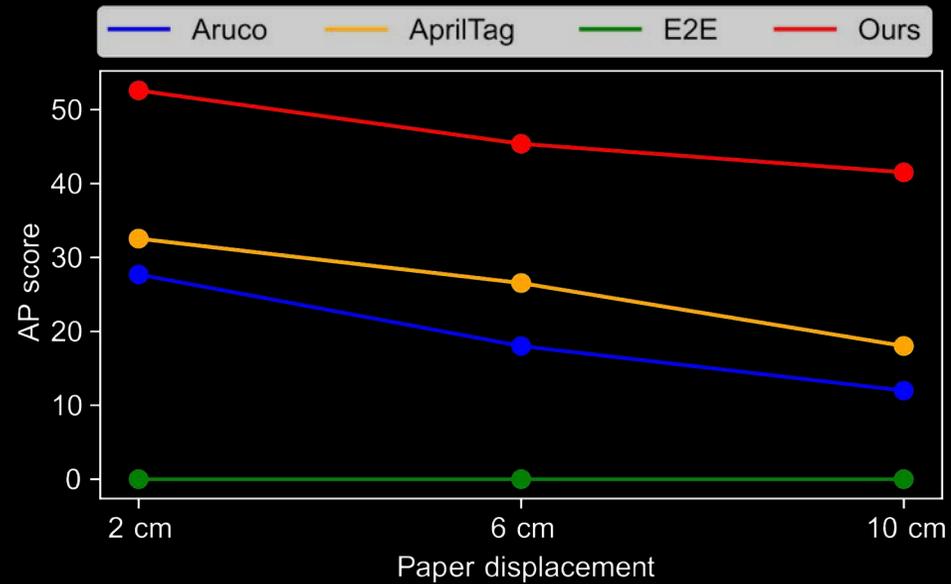
Results: Deformation (1/4)



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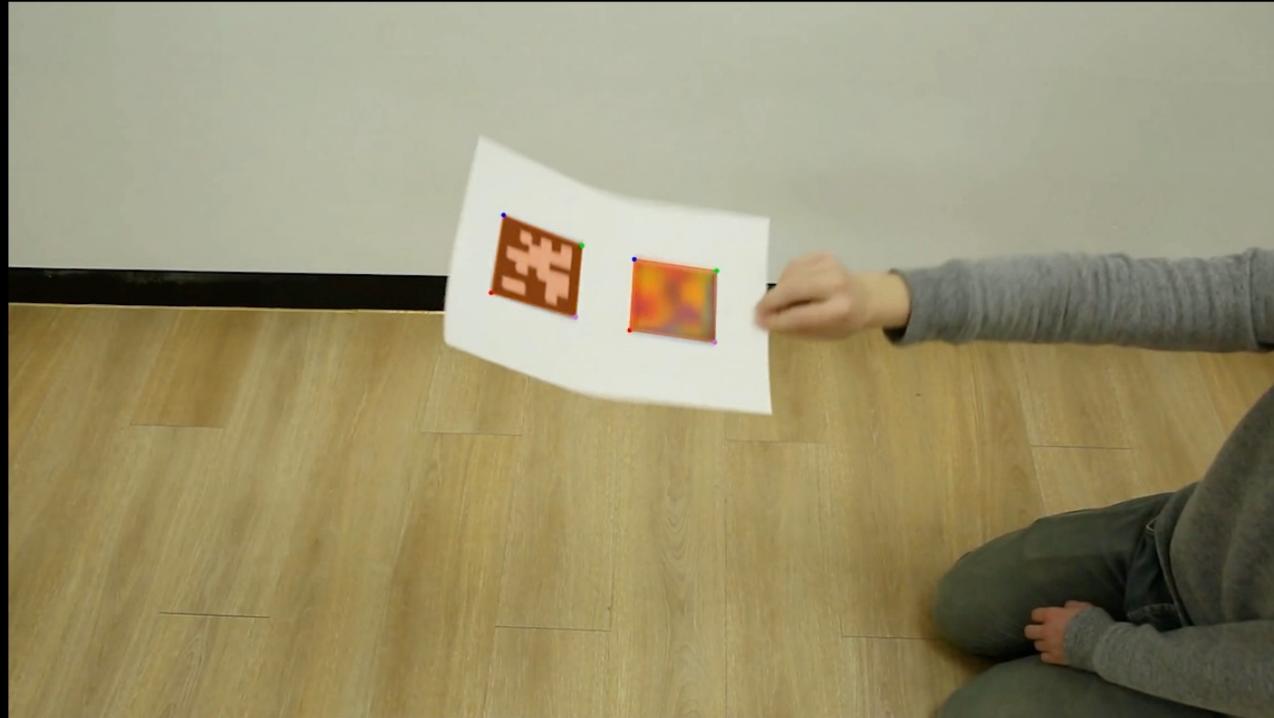


Results: Deformation (2/4)



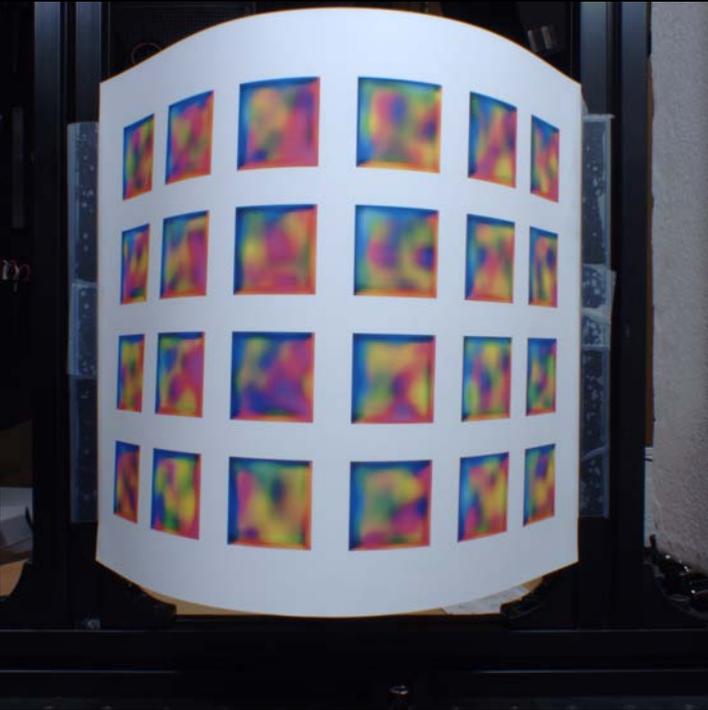
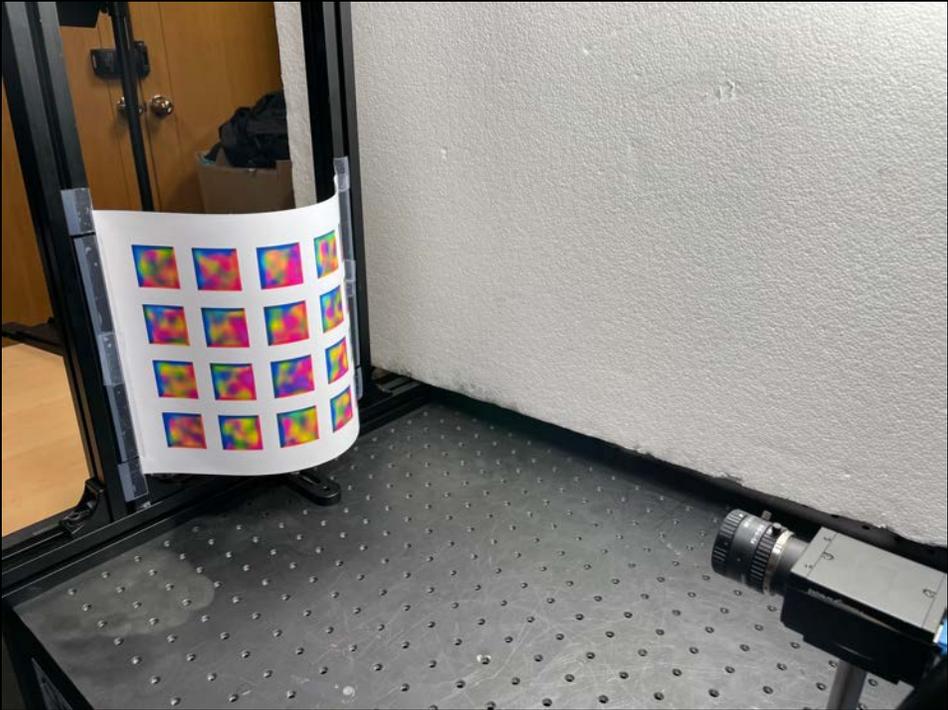
Results: Deformation (3/4)

Deformation with motion blur (0.5x speed)

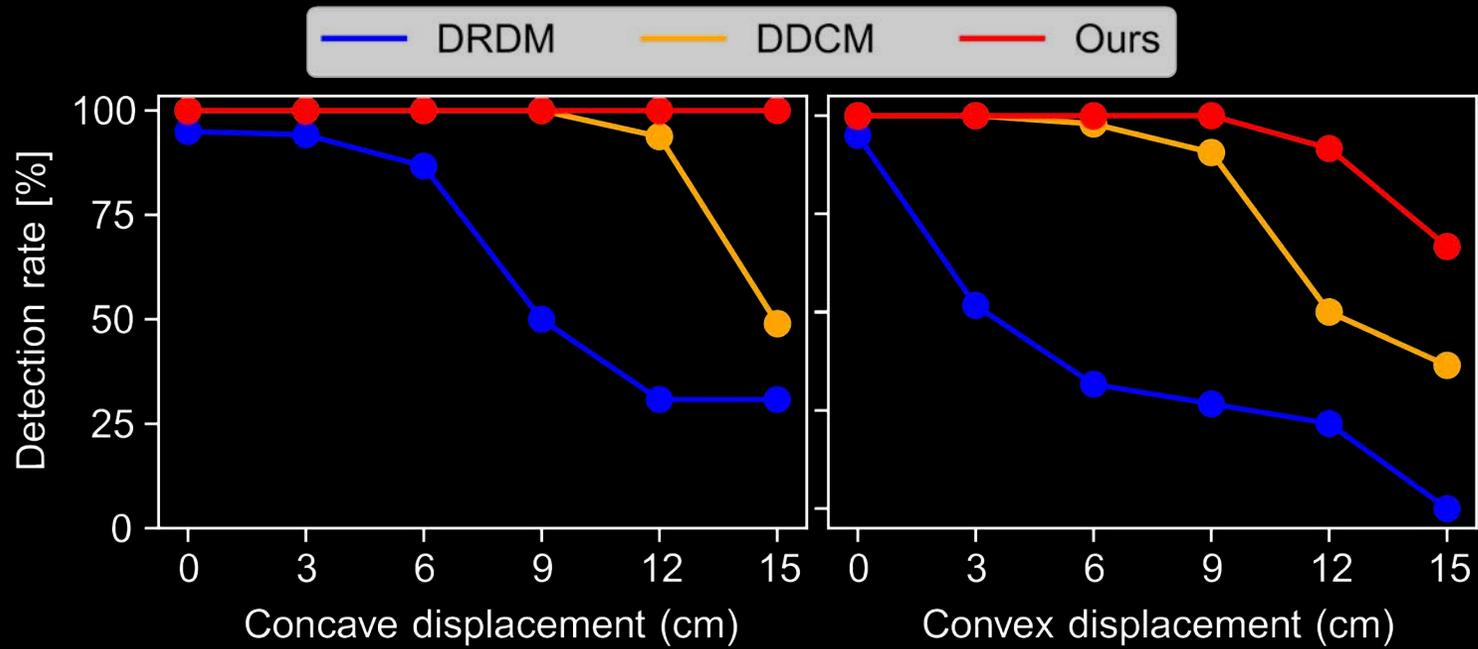
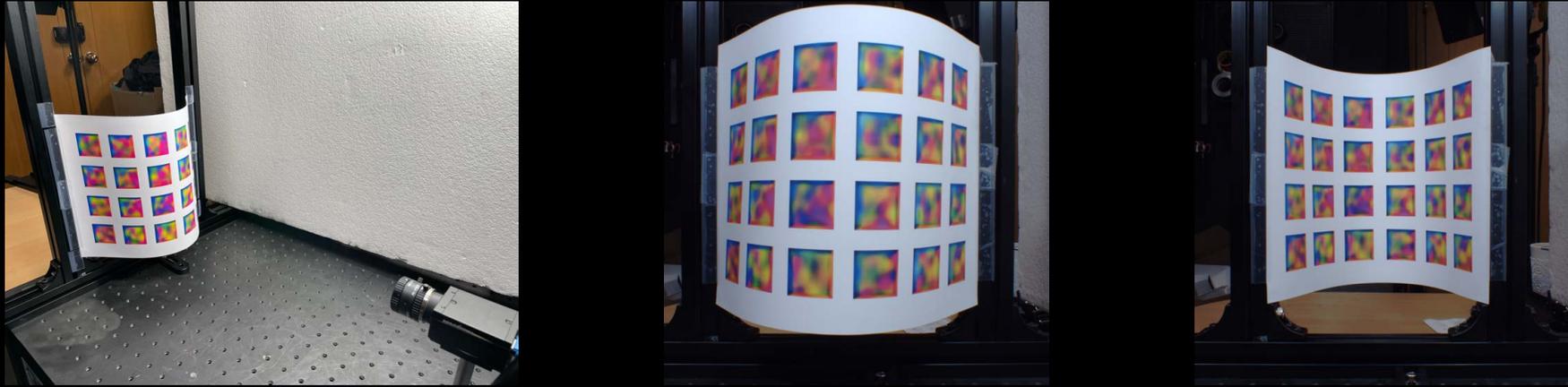


Marker detection results (AprilTag / ours)

Results: Deformation (4/4)

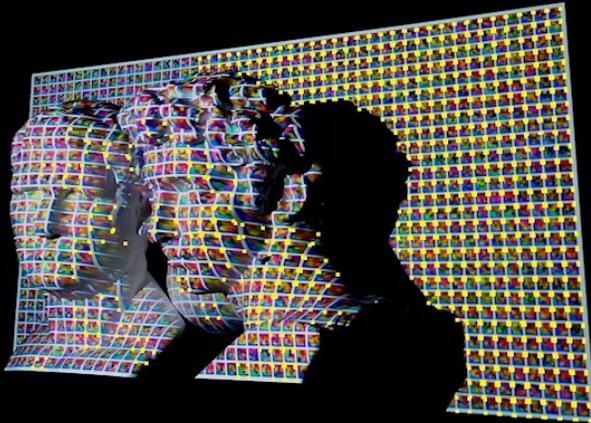


Results: Deformation (4/4)



Applications: Structured Light 3D Imaging

Structured light 3D imaging with camera motion



Input frames with our markers

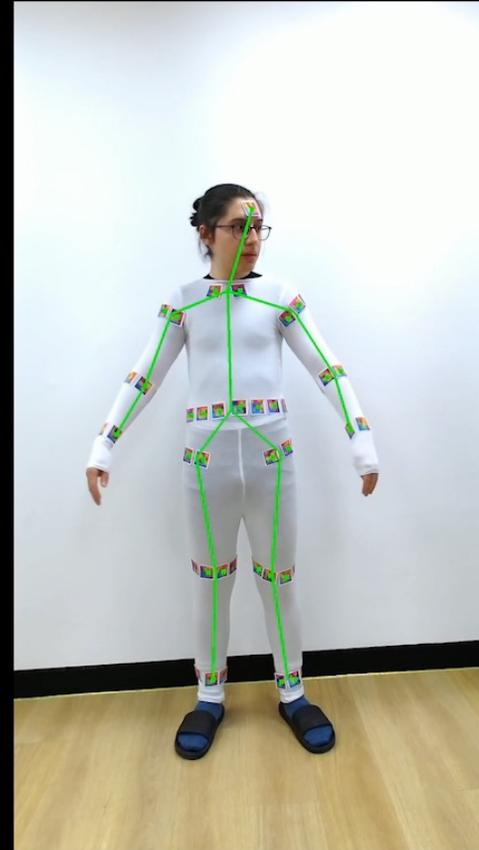


3D points

Applications: Motion Capture



Our marker detection



Human motion capture

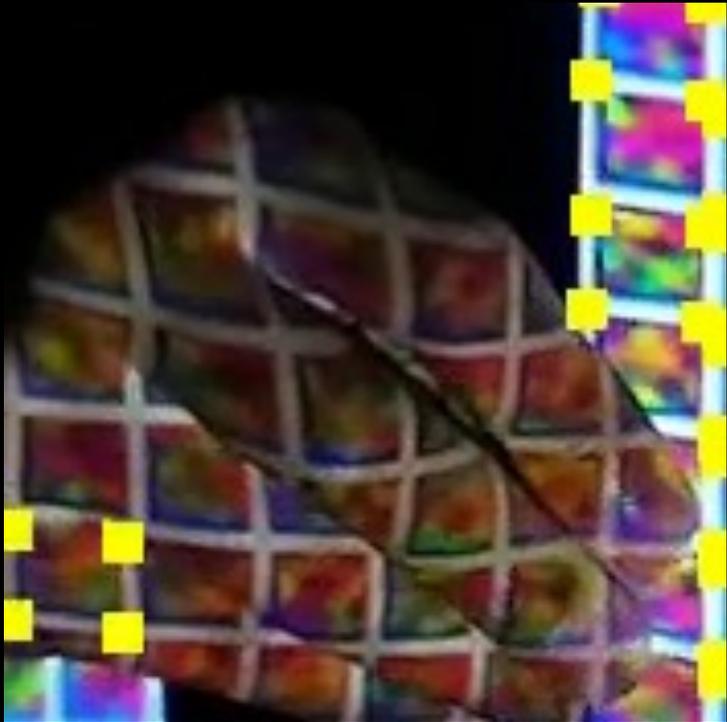
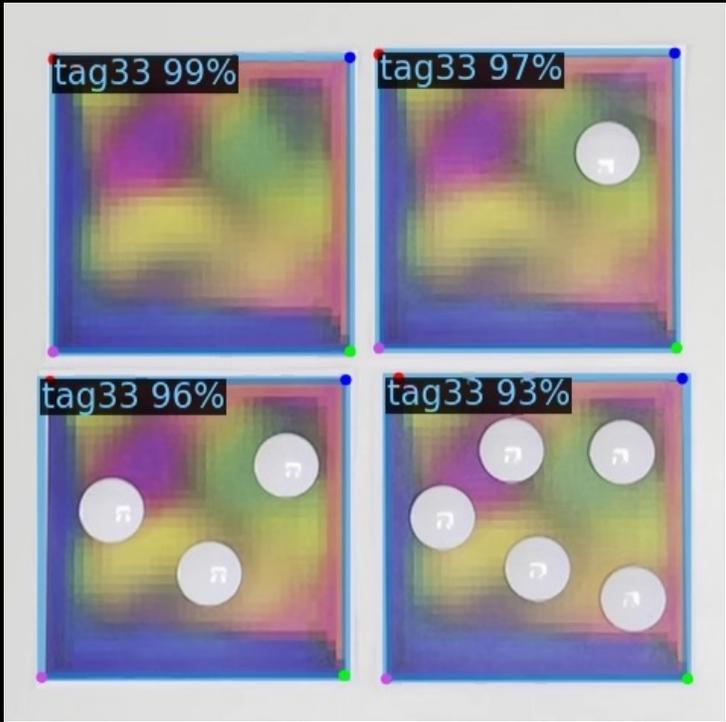
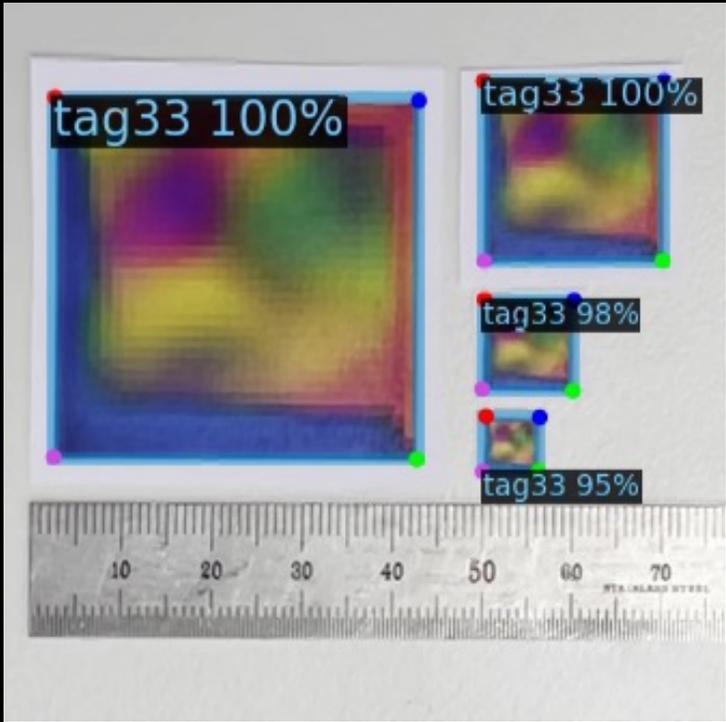
Applications: Augmented Reality

Smooth camera motion



Marker detection results (AprilTag / ours)

Limitations and Future Work



Conclusions

- **Deformable fiducial marker system**
 - End-to-end optimization of the marker generator and detector networks via photorealistic differentiable rendering
 - Deformed fiducial markers with strong motion blur
 - Large number of messages can be embedded
- Various applications demonstrated
 - Structured light 3D imaging
 - Human motion capture
 - Augmented reality rendering



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THANK YOU

